# ALGEBRAIC CURVES EXERCISE SHEET 6

Unless otherwise specified, k is an algebraically closed field.

#### Exercise 1.

Let V, W be varieties and assume that W is affine.

- (1) Show that there is a bijection  $Hom_{Var}(V,W) \simeq Hom_{k-alg}(\mathcal{O}(W),\mathcal{O}(V))$ .
- (2) Show that there is a bijection  $\mathcal{O}(V) \simeq Hom_{Var}(V, \mathbb{A}^1_k)$ .
- (3) Show that  $\mathcal{O}(\mathbb{P}^1_k) \simeq k$ .
- (4) Show that  $\mathcal{O}(\mathbb{P}_k^n) \simeq k$  for all  $n \geq 1$ .

## Exercise 2.

Let  $n \geq 1$  and  $f \in k[x_1, \ldots, x_n]$ .

- (1) Show that  $\mathbb{A}^n_k V(f)$  is affine. What is its ring of regular functions?
- (2) Show that  $\mathbb{A}_k^2 \{(0,0)\}$  is not affine. (Hint: compute the ring of regular functions).

## Exercise 3.

Let  $\varphi: V \to W$  be a morphism of affine varieties and  $\varphi^{\sharp}: \Gamma(W) \to \Gamma(V)$  the corresponding morphism of coordinate rings. Let  $P \in V$  and  $Q = \varphi(P)$  and consider local rings  $\mathcal{O}_P(V)$ ,  $\mathcal{O}_Q(W)$  with maximal ideals  $\mathfrak{m}_P, \mathfrak{m}_Q$ . Show that  $\varphi^{\sharp}$  extends uniquely to a ring homomorphism  $\mathcal{O}_Q(W) \to \mathcal{O}_P(V)$  and that  $\varphi^{\sharp}(\mathfrak{m}_Q) \subseteq \mathfrak{m}_P$ .

#### Exercise 4.

Let  $n \geq 1$  and V a variety. We use projective coordinates  $x_i$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq n+1$  on  $\mathbb{P}^n_k$ . Suppose there exist an open cover  $(U_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n+1}$  of V and morphisms of varieties  $\varphi_i: U_i \to \{x_i \neq 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^n_k, \ 1 \leq i \leq n+1$ , such that  $\forall i \neq j, \ (\varphi_i)_{|U_i \cap U_j} = (\varphi_j)_{|U_i \cap U_j}$ . Show that there exists a unique morphism  $\varphi: V \to \mathbb{P}^n_k$  such that  $\varphi_{|U_i} = \varphi_i$ . We say that  $\varphi$  is obtained by glueing the  $\varphi_i$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq n+1$ .

# Exercise 5. \*

Let  $f \in k[x_1, x_2, x_3]$  an irreducible form of degree 2 and consider  $V_P(f) \subseteq \mathbb{P}^2_k$ .

- (1) Show that, up to a linear change of coordinates, we can assume that  $f = x_2^2 x_1x_3$ . (Hint: remember we classified similar subvarieties of  $\mathbb{A}^2_k$ ).
- (2) Show that the map:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{P}^1_k & \to & \mathbb{P}^2_k \\ (s:t) & \mapsto & (s^2:st:t^2) \end{array}$$

induces an isomorphism  $\mathbb{P}^1_k \simeq V_P(f)$ . (Hint: take a look locally in the standard affine opens of projective space and use exercise 4).